Manila to Dantfrancisco, Sept. 15 to Oct. 47, 1904.) Sept. 15, 1904. - Left the First Reserve Hospital, Marila, at & a. M. Spent 2 hours in the museum of the Jesuit College! Took Quartermasters' launch. at 16:30 am. to the U.O.O. J. Logan. Until 12.W. was occupied by anying good-bye to friends. Myriads of little silver-sided fish are nibbling at bits of bread, ele., thrown from the ship. Hollowing the schools of fish are a number of medium-sized sea serpents. Weighed anchor and steamed out from behind the new breakwater in Manila Bay at 3 P. U. Passed Corregidor Island and Marevelis before dark. No birds were seen at sea. Sept. 16, 1904. - Ot sea, steaming up the west East of Luzon. at 8:30 P.M. the Bojeador light was still visible on the northern extremity of Fuson Island. Noted an abundance of flying fishes; but The Lairds Deen. September 17, 1904. - Passing the Island of Hormosa on our left. It is high, rough, forested, with many grassey openings especially on the slopes near the sea. One Deina bergii boreoters Bangs, seen east of Hormosa, is the only brid noted since leaving thanks. Mr. Morvison, 10, 800 feet high, loo, wed up among

Dala for Thrierary. (Manila to San Francisco, Sept. 15 to Oct. #7, 1904.) Sept. 18,1904. - at sea. Several boobies (Sula), dark above, pure white below, with yellow bill and face, tried to alight on the ship. Alterna Bergii boreotis Bangs and small Terns in flocks appeared. We passed small islands on and right. Deplember 19, 1904. - Ot sea. September 20,1904. - Off the harbor of nagaski Japan, a good many Ferus about the size and Coppearance of Sterna herindo were seen. Os we steamed in, beautiful Kites followed the ship, and, as it came to anchor, numbers of their flew around it, and picked up food astern as the Braming Kite down in the Theleppines. September 21, 1904. - Slept in the Nagasaki Hotel. Look 8:20 a. cu. travi to Omura whence jinrixisha took me to the temple, a fortified place on which the temple stands surrounded by trees and shrubbery - June, express, juniper, and tell deciduous trees ni which I saw crows, hawks, green-gray black-colored titunice, a tituouse with a black stripe underweath, many tree sparrows, and a bird suggesting Dendroica Junios to an america. Over the proefields skimmed Amdreds of owallows. The Jopanese called

Data for Thinerary. 5 (Manila to Dan Apaneisco, Dept. 15 to Oct. 47, 1904) the lotus flower Hoss'-el. My jinrikisha Raught a fine del while I was watching the brids from the temple held, and had it cooked for me at a tea house, where a nice breakfast was served me. Deptember 22, 1904. - Dreskfasted at 7 a. m. atthe Nagasaki Hotel, after which a jinrikisha with two men was taken for the trip across the mountain to Mogi, where I saw yellow-breasted waytails, crows and true sparrows, and at Mogi collected crabs, shells and fishes. Returning from Wogi, I stopped the jinrikasha at a bridge, and followed a stream up into the hells to the left. Hish-water shells and crabs were abundant; and there were many through, some smooth, some rough, and a few small ones that were not wilke our Juping Hylas. The larger species were afterward determined as Kana rugosa Schlegel and R. limnocharis Wiegmann by Dr. Leonhard Stejneger. a few fretty Wagtails V Bull. No. 58, U. S. nat. Www., Herpetology of Japan, 1907, pp. 127 and 131. were the only birds seen on the brantiful mountain stream.

Data for Hinerary. (Marila to Day Francisco, Sept. 15 to Oct. 17, 1904) September 23, 1904. - Left Nagasaki for Honolulu. September 24, 1904. - Get sea. Deptember 25, 1904. - We passed between two plands, Hu last of the Japan Orchepelago. The one on our left was not in sight; but we got a good view of the one on our right, which is called I kosimi or Swan Island. It is very high, steep, rocky, and rather barren. No trees could be distinguished; but the whole top of the island was green, and bushes could be made out There seemed to be plenty of grass. Trosimi Island is perhaps 2 miles in diameter and 400 miles off the Osiatie coast. The other island is said to be much larger. Probably both lack inhabitants. Their biota would make an interesting study bird September 26,1904. — a wadery came aboard the ship, this evening but I did not see it. a few Dhearwalers, dusky above, white below, were noted. Depluber 27, 1904. - The wader that came aboard the Logan the evening of the day after passing the last island of the Japan Orchipelago, alighted on a rathine and was picked up by hand and put in a state room, whenee it escaped by a porthole this morning and all day, Mr. J. P. Brist, the slip's officer in whose

Data for Ottivierary. 5 (Manila to Dan Hraneisco, Dept. 15 to Oct. #7, 1904) room it was placed thus described it: a long-legged wader having yellow legs and feet; a long (2 inches) black bill _______ plighttes arched; size of Golden Plover; plain gray above, white below, with a white line beginning at the bill, passing through and bryond the eye, thus: Eyes Arominent. John John John Spier of the Logan informed me that brids not sufrequently come aboard, though not on every passage. Those that he remembered, in addition to the Bitrel and cheamaler of The hay . Der brid regester. the albatross, booby, storm petret, and a small land like a pice bird (off Japan). Seft 28 to Oct. 1,1904. - Oct sea. a few Shearwaters seemdaily Oct. 2, 1904. - a whale was seen spouting. October 3, 1904. - No bird seen since October 1st. until to-day, when one albatross affeared early in the morning; at 10 a.m. there were two; at 4 P. M. three. I large fetrel came aboard, 200 imles west of Midway Island, Lat. 29°-22' N., Long. 177°-59' E., Oclober 3, 1904. Name: Du register of binds No. 13737, Sad. Measurements: Length, 333; alar expanse, 770; (227; tail, 133; culmen (chord), 25,5; tarsus, 30; middle tor with its claw, 35; depth of bill in front of

Lata Sor Minerary. 6 16 (Marila to Jan Hrancisco, Sept. 15 to Cot. II, 1904.) tubular process, 8.5; diameter of eye, 8; bare postion of tibia, 14. Tris dark brown; bill black; tarsi, bare Sportion of libia, and basal half of loves and webs, flesh color; distal half of wrbs and lors and. bei of claws, black. Living of wings all white on humeral joint; on 2 rows of greater coverts of forearm joint; and with one row of great coverts of earpal joint white shot with gray I good many of these petrels have joined the shifto-day; or, rather, we seem to be crossing the fielding ground Edifornia et Coademy of Sciences, and was distroyed during the earthquake of 190?. October 4, 1904. - To-day shearwaters, petrels, albatrosses, and boobies are with us. The Midway Islands were passed at 4 a. M. The boobies fly clear around the ship. Head, neck, and upperparts dark; underparts and # neck-ring white; loill apparently white. They appeared anxious to settle on the ship, but I saw none alight. Un abundance of large petruls (ike 13737) was noted. With the phearwaters they akimmed the water around the ship.

Data for Ottinerary. 7 16 Manila to Dan Francisco, Dept. 15 to Oct. 14, 1904.) Ol good many Shearwaters were seen throughout the day; and, at dusk of evening, one of them settled on the ohip and I obtained it from the ship's officers for a specimen (No. Of bird circled around the ship several times which even the ship's officers said was a duck. During the afternoon a small surlew and golden plover followed the ship, whithing as they Lowards lurning the large petrel became ocareer and the shearwater more numerous. One Frigate bird was seen. ho gulls or terus seen Dince leaving Argan Japan. October 5, 1904. - I few if any petrels were seen. Thearwaters abundant; and a few boobies and me frigate brod were noted. Two golden plover, that perhaps the same that were noted yesterday, flew around the ship many times, again coming Vin close under our lee side to escape the wind during squally moments. October 6, 1904. - Passed a small island to The south dreaving the morning. Sharwaters are abundant - the only birds.

Sata for Tinerary. 8 16 (Minila to Dan Francisco. Sept. 15 to Oct. 14, 1904) October 7, 1904. - Flocks of white berns, quite Virge, were seen during the morning. About a profile, as approached from the west, like this: Unother good-sized island lies to the left. Profile: This is much smaller than Umona. Flober 8, 1904. - Landed at Honolulu, H. D., at 10 a. M., and remained ashore until 5 P. M. Here species of winds, all introduced, were seen in abundance! They were the false mina (Cerid= - otheres tristes), the European house sparrow (Passer domesticus), and the Chinese turtle dove (Turtur chinensis). Dailed from Honolelle at 5:30, P.M. October 9.1904. - This morning several small wite breasted sea birds were the only birds seen. Tierring early afternoon a turnstone flew around and over the ship several times, I golden florer also accompanied the ohip and probably came aboard. Occasionally a white - breasted hearwater was seen. Tollows the ship, occasionally eircling around

Data for Othererary. " 16 Manila to San Abancisco, Deft. 15 to Oct. 77, 1904, and over it. Sometimes it flies close alongside and whistles plaintively. Once it rose very high and flew out of right, but soon returned. It seems very weak and tired. At 5, P. W., it was still Hlying Jeebly around the ship; and at 6 P.M, dusk, Her poor bird was still fluttering alongside. a blue-faced booby (Sula cyanops) flew around the ship. Its plumage was white except for black remiges and nearly all black rectrices. Bell apparently straw eolor; face bluish. It was a fine large bird. It dashed to the water, several times, at a nearly vertical angle, after the Sastion of the gammet when laking its Jinny prey: October 11,1904. - no bird was seen during the morning save a "white gill", which I did not see. about moon, a pair of black-footed albatrosses Join of us and remained. October 12, 1904. - To-day only the there two allatrosses are with no. Cetober 13, 1904. - Three albahosses; no other brids. Cetober 14, 1904. - On awakening this morning following the olip. Octable 1904 - Readeled San Hrancisco